REMARKS

Reconsideration of this application as amended is respectfully requested.

The enclosed is responsive to the Examiner's Office Action mailed on September 21, 2007. At the time the Examiner mailed the Office Action, claims 1-17 were pending. By way of the present response applicants have: 1) amended claims 1, 5, 9, and 13; 2) added no claims; and 3) canceled no claims. As such, claims 1-17 are now pending.

Applicants reserve all rights under the Doctrine of Equivalents.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

The Examiner rejected claims 1-17 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated by the admitted prior art in the background of the application (hereinafter "APA').

In reference to claim 1, the Examiner stated that:

APA discloses "a method for upgrading a database" [i.e., database upgrading, previous versions; page 1, lines 18-19], comprising:

"updating a message from a first version to an upgraded version by chaining through intermediate versions" [i.e., version database is a specific schema and the specific data in the structures, databases are embodied in a series of versions, each with a changed schema and new data elements. A new version of the database is generated from an old one by upgrading its schema and mapping its data to the new schema. Database software generally support upgrading from any of several previous versions; see page 1 lines 13-19],

"wherein updating comprises: receiving an update message having a first version format; and repeatedly generating a revised update message having a next most recent version format based on the update message until a final update message having an upgraded version format is generated" [i.e., in a redundancy environment, upgrading is sometimes performed by upgrading a mirror image database to the new version and then at the appropriate time switching to use the mirror image as the primary database, process, upgrading is performed by receiving database update messages from a previous version and mapping them into the schema of the new version, an empty database structure conforming to

the schema of the new version is created to accept these mappings; see page 2, lines 1-8].

(Office action dated September 21, 2007 pages 2-3).

It is respectfully submitted that the APA does not disclose all of the limitations of amended claim 1, which reads:

> A method for upgrading the schema of a database, comprising: updating a message from a first version to an upgraded version by chaining through intermediate versions, wherein updating comprises:

receiving an update message having a first version format; and repeatedly generating a revised update message having a next most recent version format based on the update message until a final update message having an upgraded version format is generated.

(Amended claim 1) (emphasis added).

The APA does not disclose updating by chaining through intermediate versions, nor does it disclose repeatedly generating a revised update message having a next most recent version format based on the update message until a final update message having an upgraded version format is generated. In contrast, the APA states that:

A new release of database software might support the upgrading of databases from up to three previous generations. In existing systems, each new software release provides separate modules for each prior release from which an upgrade is possible. Upgrade code must be developed to map each of these three old releases into the current release, with all of the upgrade code for each new version written anew in each release (using older release code as a model). Thus, if the latest database software is at release 4, and assuming that releases have been numbered only at full numeral versions (e.g., release 1, release 2, and release 3), then the upgrade code for release 4 must contain code to convert the databases to release 4 directly from release 1, release 2, or release 3.

The current upgrade system requires the duplication of code for mapping and writing databases for each prior supported version.

(Background of present application, pages 2-3).

Examiner: Jean B. Fleurantin -7-Art Unit: 2162 Application No.: 09/295,690

The APA discloses a method of updating <u>directly</u> from the existing version to the upgraded version <u>without</u> chaining through intermediate versions and repeatedly generating a revised update message having a next most recent version format based on the update message until a final update message having an upgraded version format is generated.

Given that claims 2-4 are dependent claims with respect to claim 1, either directly or indirectly, and add additional limitations, applicants submit that claims 2-4 are not anticipated by the APA under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a).

Given that claims 5-8, 9-12, and 13-17 were rejected based upon the same art and rationale as claims 1-4 and claims 5-8, 9-12, and 13-17 have similar limitations as claims 1-4 that are not disclosed in the APA, applicants submit that claims 5-8, 9-12, and 13-17 are not anticipated by the APA under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) for the same reasons as discussed above.

Applicants, accordingly, respectfully submit that the rejection of claims 1-17 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated by the APA has been overcome.

The Examiner also rejected claims 1-17 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated by Hug, et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,806,078 (hereinafter "Hug").

In reference to claim 1, the Examiner stated that:

Hug discloses "a method for upgrading a database" [see col. 79, lines 5-23], comprising:

"updating a message from a first version to an upgraded version by chaining through intermediate versions" [i.e., version data file 40 and the difference data file 42 to reflect the changes in the subsequent version; col. 5 lines 38-41],

"wherein updating comprises: receiving an update message having a first version format" [i.e., regenerating version (20); see col. 5, lines 38-46]; "and repeatedly [i.e., iteratively repeat; see col. 5, lines 58-60] generating a revised update message having a next most recent version

format based on the update message until a final update message having an upgraded version format is generated" [see col. 5, lines 48-56].

(Office action dated September 21, 2007 page 4).

It is respectfully submitted that Hug does not disclose all of the limitations of amended claim 1, which reads:

A method for upgrading the schema of a database, comprising: updating a message from a first version to an upgraded version by chaining through intermediate versions, wherein updating comprises:

receiving an update message having a first version format; and repeatedly generating a revised update message having a next most recent version format based on the update message until a final update message having an upgraded version format is generated.

(Amended claim 1, emphasis added).

Hug discloses a "version management system for storing and retrieving changes to spreadsheet and word processor documents" which permits "a user to access a plurality of versions" of those documents. (Hug, Abstract). "An original version of each document and all alternative versions are stored in a delta format, i.e., storing only the differences from a prior document version, in a common difference data file and version data file." (Hug, Abstract). "The difference data file 42 contains sets of data records reflecting the delta-formatted differences from each prior version of a document, e.g., the changed data and the cell location in a spreadsheet." (Hug, col. 6, lines 7-11). "[T]he version data file 40 contains a set of pointers 54 for each stored document version that point to a set of data records in the difference file 42 that are used to regenerate each document version." (Hug, col. 6, lines 22-27).

Hug does not disclose a "upgrading the schema of a database." In contrast, Hug compares the differences between data edits made by a user to a document and stores

Inventor(s): Jerome A. Mouton, Jr. et al.

Application No.: 09/295,690

- 9
Examiner: Jean B. Fleurantin

- 9
Art Unit: 2162

those differences in a set of files. The Examiner made reference to Hug, col. 79, lines 5-23 (Office action dated September 21, 2007 page 4). However, Hug does not contain a column 79. Applicants assume that the Examiner was referring to Nakagawa (see Office action dated September 21, 2007 page 2). The basis for the Examiner's rejection was 35 U.S.C. § 102(a), not 35 U.S.C. § 103. There was no discussion of a combination of the two patents and no articulation of a motivation to combine the two patents.

If the Examiner had based the rejection upon 35 U.S.C. § 103, applicants respectfully assert that one of ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to combine the references and, even if combined, the combination would still lack the limitations of amended claim 1. Nakagawa discloses a client program to detect software updates, download them from a server, and update the software "according to the update instruction information when it is received." (Nakagawa, Abstract). Nakagawa does not disclose a "upgrading the schema of a database."

Finally, Hug does not disclose "updating a message from a first version to an upgraded version by chaining through intermediate versions ... receiving an update message having a first version format; and repeatedly generating a revised update message." In contrast, the contents of the version control files in Hug are the data edited by a user and pointers to the locations in the document of the data edited by a user.

Given that claims 2-4 are dependent claims with respect to claim 1, either directly or indirectly, and add additional limitations, applicants submit that claims 2-4 are not anticipated by the Hug under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a).

Inventor(s): Jerome A. Mouton, Jr. et al. Application No.: 09/295,690

Given that claims 5-8, 9-12, and 13-17 were rejected based upon the same art and rationale as claims 1-4 and claims 5-8, 9-12, and 13-17 have similar limitations as claims 1-4 that are not disclosed in the Hug, applicants submit that claims 5-8, 9-12, and 13-17 are not anticipated by the Hug under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) for the same reasons as discussed above.

Applicants, accordingly, respectfully submit that the rejection of claims 1-17 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated by the Hug has been overcome.

Applicants respectfully submit that in view of the amendments and arguments set forth herein, the applicable rejections have been overcome.

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.136(a)(3), applicants hereby request and authorize the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office to (1) treat any concurrent or future reply that requires a petition for extension of time as incorporating a petition for extension of time for the appropriate length of time and (2) charge all required fees, including extension of time fees and fees under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17, to Deposit Account No. 02-2666.

Respectfully submitted,

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Date: <u>Dumber 21</u>, 2007

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Inventor(s): Jerome A. Mouton, Jr. et al. Application No.: 09/295,690